Reimagining Internationalisation - holistically

OeAD Bologna (Process) Day 22 March 2022

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Overview:

Reimagining internationalisation holistically

- 1. Purpose and goals
- 2. A holistic approach
- 3. Reimagining internationalisation through the curriculum:8 characteristics of an emerging paradigm
- 4. Moving forward together

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Purpose and Goals

- 1. The Big Picture
- 2. At the national and institutional levels

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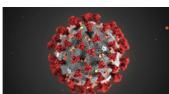
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BIG PICTURE

1. Our world is shaped by complex and fragile local and global relationships between people and their physical, cultural& political environments

















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2. The evolution of higher education

The social impact of universities on a global scale increasingly recognised as a key feature of HE across the world

- Universities now not only have a responsibility to ensure national prosperity
- They also need to contribute to the global common good through the creation of knowledge and its application to improve the lives of people all over the world (Marginson 2016)
- Higher Education clearly linked to achievement of UN Sustainable Development Goals and the creation of dynamic and sustainable global communities 'no less caring for human values than the pursuit of material wealth' (Escrigas, Sancez, Hall and Tando 2014)

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3. Refinement of the concept of IHE

- The Internationalisation of Higher Education (1995; 2004, 2015)
- Internationalisation of the Curriculum (1995, 2009, 2015)
- Internationalisation at Home (2001; 2015)
- Comprehensive Internationalisation (2011)

Comprehensive Internationalisation (Hudzik 2011)

- Commitment, confirmed through action, not just something we talk about
- Will shape institutional ethos and values and actions
- Requires the infusion of international and comparative perspectives throughout the teaching, research, and service missions of higher education
- In other words it will touch the entire institution
- And therefore you cannot achieve CI without internationalising the curriculum

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In 2015 the definition of Internationalisation of Higher Education

**Text in bold indicates changes from the previous Knight (2004) definition

The revised definition...Internationalisation of Higher Education is:

'the intentional process of integrating an international, intercultural or global dimension into the purpose, functions and delivery of post-secondary education, in order to enhance the quality of education and research for all students and staff, and to make a meaningful contribution to society.' (de Wit et al 2015, p.281)

At a national level (Austria)

A socially relevant contribution towards shaping the global knowledge society through preparation of students as the workforce of the future who are equipped to:

- · act responsibly in globally interconnected work and living environments
- make a fundamental contribution to Austria's competitiveness through the development of:
 - · advanced specialist and methodological knowledge
 - advanced international and intercultural skills (incl speak several languages)
 - · thinking independently, critically and innovatively.

National Mobility and Internationalisation Strategy for Higher Education 2020-2030, Austrian Ministry for Education and Science

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Goals

- · Goal 1 Promote an all-encompassing culture of internationalisation at higher education institutions
- Goal 2 Promote mobility for all members of higher education institutions
- · Goal 3 Develop and implement innovative digital forms of mobility
- · Goal 4 Effective skills improvement and institutional learning
- · Goal 5 Global Mindset Austria's higher education institutions and their position in the world

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Pop Quiz 1

- 1. In your institution, what is the overarching institutional goal for Internationalisation? (You can say 'Don't know'; 'unsure')
- 2. How well does this goal match with your personal goal, motivation, values?
 - Not at all
 - To some extent
 - · A good match
 - A perfect match

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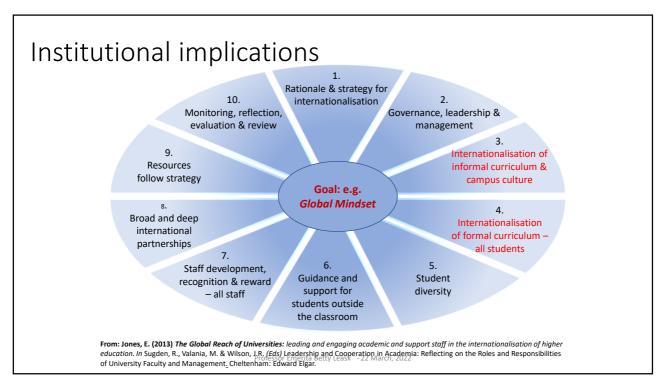
A Holistic Approach

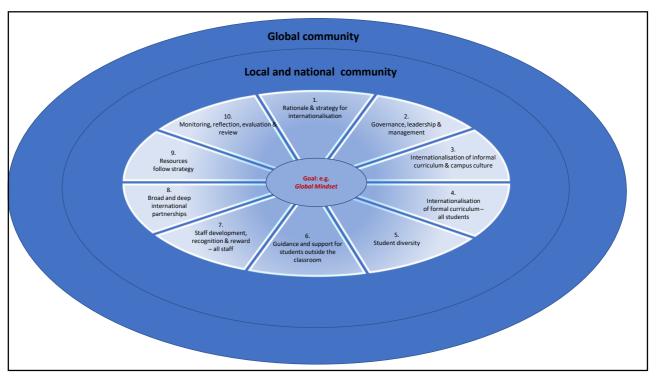
A Holistic Approach

- will recognize that the different parts of internationalisation are intimately interconnected and explicable only by reference to the whole
- is inconsistent with siloed activity and traditional approaches to IHE focused on mobility first and foremost or as the gold standard
- challenges dominant ideas of the nature of an international educator and even international education

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Pop Quiz 2: Who do you see as the key actors in a holistic approach to internationalisation?

• You can answer more than once...

Reimagining internationalisation through the curriculum

8 characteristics of an emerging paradigm Implications for practice

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Internationalisation of the curriculum at home **for all students** within the context of the local program

- Fueled by growing recognition that all students need to develop international/intercultural/global perspectives in a globalized world
- Equity concerns over approaches to internationalisation based solely or mainly on mobility
- Requires use of a wider range of pedagogies including online and virtual exchange and connecting with diversity at home in class, on campus and in local communities
- Hastened to some degree by COVID

Internationalising the Curriculum

"Incorporation of *international, intercultural* and/or global dimensions into programs for all students with attention to:

- content, learning outcomes, assessment tasks & teaching methods (formal curriculum)
- as well as support services & the cocurriculum.

 (Based on Leask 2015)



Internationalisation at Home

"...the *purposeful* integration of international and intercultural dimensions into the formal and informal curriculum for all students within domestic learning environments" (Beelen & Jones, 2015)

Across the three domains of curriculum – 'knowing, doing and being'

(Barnett and Coate 2005)

- What students will know
- What they will be able to do
- And who they will be

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IoC in Action 2010 & follow-on work

... in Australia, Canada, China, Germany, Hong Kong, Israel, Japan, The Netherlands, Norway, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland, the UK and *Latin America* has confirmed:

- diverse rationales, understandings and theoretical and practical perspectives to IoC
- but convergence around some themes and theories e.g. global learning; cultural humility; intercultural understanding; cosmopolitanism
- importance of local context & its relationship to international and global
- general relevance of definition, concept and process models but also the importance of the local/regional context

8 characteristics of emerging paradigm of internationalisation of the curriculum

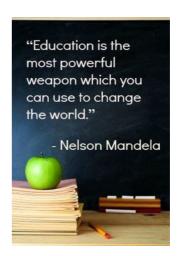
- 1. Essential for all students
- 2. Approaches curriculum as a system
- 3. The intercultural dimension is often in the foreground
- 4. Context sensitive
- 5. Curriculum design seen as a purpose driven, ongoing QI process
- 6. A values driven and future focused
- 7. Founded on active, experiential learning (at home and abroad; online and F2F)
- 8. Supported by professional expertise and communities of practice

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1. Essential for all students

- All students will live and work as professionals and citizens in this increasingly connected and divided world.
- Mobility programs are out of the reach of the majority of students.
- Internationalization of the curriculum, teaching and learning at home is a way to prepare all students for future roles.

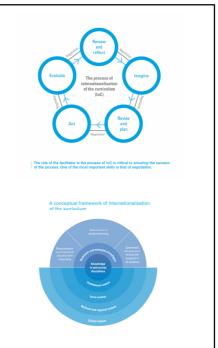


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2. Curriculum as a system



- The process worked well for academic staff when it was approached as a cyclical design process focused on academic quality improvement through internationalisation and undertaken collegially
- Important to pay attention to the informal and hidden curriculum as well as formal curriculum – and connections between them
- Negotiation and team-work (across and within discipline teams and with external groups) an important part of the process of IoC



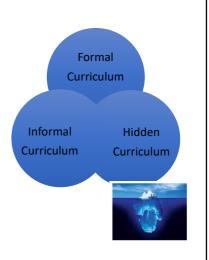
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A system that is inclusive of

- stated purpose of learning
- content, teaching and learning processes and what is assessed
- students' learning experiences in and beyond the classroom (on campus and in the community through activities organized by the university)

A space to explore solutions to existing and emerging issues and create new pathways for human development and wellbeing.



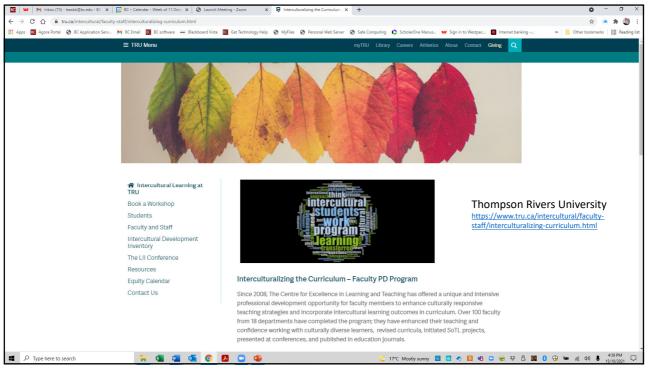
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3. Intercultural gaining greater prominence

- Interculturalization of the curriculum is assuming greater prominence in university strategies
- Evident in institutional strategies where internationalization of the curriculum is referred to as internationalization/interculturalization of the curriculum
- Perhaps due to an increased focus on internationalisation of the curriculum for all students (at home) (Jones, 2019)

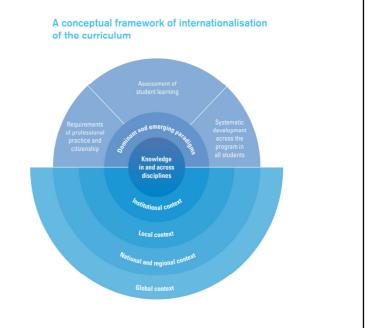
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4. Context Sensitive

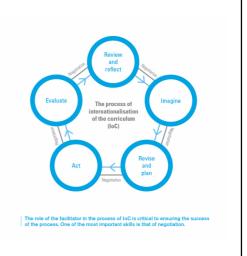
- Knowledge in and across disciplines at heart of IoC in formal curriculum
- For many academic staff & discipline leaders professional and personal values are key drivers of their understanding of IoC
- Complex interplay between layers of context resulting in variety of goals and outcomes in different academic programs/universities



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5. Purpose driven, ongoing process

- Of reformation, potentially transformation
- Related to quality improvement
- Cyclical
- Inter-disciplinary and inter-professional
- Collegial
- Negotiated



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6. Values-driven, future focused

- Universities have global as well as local social responsibilities.
- Program design driven by academic values and the common global good rather than economic values.
- Focused on the development of the whole person through e.g. cognitive justice, decolonization of the curriculum

Since the challenges the world and the modern higher education face stem from naturalized dominant systems and culture, solutions that come from within "will only address the symptoms...and not the root" (Stein, 2018)

"We urgently need to develop a more inclusive understanding of knowledge in universities in order to build our capacity to find solutions to complex problems in local and global contexts" (de Wit & Leask, 2017, p. 228)

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7. Active and experiential learning

- Increasingly recognized as at the heart of an internationalised curriculum, at home as well as abroad (Marrone et al, 2018).
- Transformational learning experiences *for students* in the community, in class online and face-to-face.
 - Connecting with diversity on local communities
 - Virtual Exchange and COIL
 - Bringing learning abroad home and integrating it into the curriculum for all students
- Authentic professional learning for staff through their engagement in program review and revision focused on internationalisation of the curriculum (as part of regular review and quality improvement processes and in communities of practice)

8. Supported by professional expertise through communities of practice (CoP)

- Professional learning underpins expertise in internationalisation of the curriculum, teaching and learning.
- Communities of Practice (CoP) in IoC share interest, concerns, problems, and commit to fulfill both individual and group IoC goals over time (Zou, 2020).
- CoPs may at first be peripheral, but over time will often increase gradually in engagement and complexity. (Lave and Wenger, 1991).

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8 characteristics of an emerging paradigm of IoC.

- 1. Essential for all students in a globalized world
- 2. Curriculum as a system
- 3. Intercultural then international
- 4. Context sensitive
- 5. Purpose driven, ongoing process
- 6. Values driven and future focused
- 7. Active, experiential learning (at home and abroad; online and F2F)
- 8. Supported by professional expertise and communities of practice

Which are most relevant to you and your work? Which are least relevant?

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Moving forward together

In summary:

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- 1. Holistic internationalisation requires that we do not as a global community seek to recreate the past
 - Embrace complexity, ambiguity and change.
 - **Reimagine** internationalisation of the curriculum in the context of today whilst looking to the future and the desired destination.
 - Address blockers to thinking as well as action within and outside of institutions
 - Connect with strategy across the university and across universities
 - Identify enablers and promising possibilities for individuals and institutions that are aligned with their mission, goals and values

2. Holistic Internationalisation requires that within institutions we:

- **1. Build shared understanding** don't assume that everyone is 'speaking the same language' in conversations about 'internationalisation' and 'curriculum'.
- **2.** Identify unifying themes interpretation and enactment of internationalisation will vary within and across disciplines, regions, nations, institutions but look for common themes, approaches, goals and ideas.
- 3. Connect concepts and strategies they can provide direction, meaning, depth, and new possibilities for IoC within the university: e.g.
 - ideas such as intercultural humility, intercultural competence, global citizenship, cosmopolitanism
 - Strategies and functions international, teaching, research and service strategies

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3. Holistic internationalisation requires that we work collaboratively nationally and internationally

- Partnerships and alliances
- Professional and scholarly
- Share experiences, challenges and learning
- Australia

www.ioc.global

Latin America

https://www.pucrs.br/ioclatam-en/

https://www.pucrs.br/center-of-internationalization-of-education-brazil-australia/

Switzerland

https://www.zhaw.ch/en/linguistics/business-services/swiss-global-competence-lab/





High-impact measures for the comprehensive internationalization of curricula in Switzerland (2019-2022)

Internationalization is a key priority of HEIs. Yet, efforts in internationalization of curricula (IoC) are still modest due to manifold challenges.

Applying the IoC paradigm to Swiss HEIs, this project develops high-impact measures that provide effective incentives to institutions wishing to internationalize their curricula.

Collaborating across language regions and reaching out to IoC experts, the project strengthens the international outlook of HEIs in Switzerland and the world.



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Swiss Global Competence Lab (2020-2023)

The SGCL pursues the goal of becoming Switzerland's leading organisation providing expertise and services in the area of internationalisation, the internationalisation of the curriculum (IoC), and English-Medium Instruction.

https://www.zhaw.ch/en/linguistics/business-services/swiss-global-competence-lab/

Consortium of HEIs: BFH, HES-SO, SUPSI, ZHAW Dedicated to innovation in Internationalisation

Lab delegates:

Patrick Studer (ZHAW, lab leader)
Jaqueline Bürki (BFH)
Chiara Napolitano (SUPSI)
Luna Iacopini (HES-SO)



Questions

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